## Exercise Set 8

**Exercise 8.1.** Consider the metric *s*-*t* path TSP: Given an instance of METRIC TSP and two vertices *s* and *t*, we look for a Hamiltonian *s*-*t* path of minimum weight. Describe a  $\frac{5}{3}$ -factor approximation algorithm, generalizing Christofides' Algorithm.

(4 points)

**Exercise 8.2.** Let (G, u, s, t) be a network and  $U := \delta^+(s)$ . Let

 $P := \left\{ x \in \mathbb{R}^U_+ : \text{there is an } s\text{-}t \text{ flow } f \text{ in } (G, u) \text{ with } f(e) = x_e \text{ for all } e \in U \right\}.$ 

Prove that P is a polymatroid.

(4 points)

**Exercise 8.3.** Let E be a finite set and  $P \subseteq \mathbb{R}^E$  be a polymatroid. Show that there is some submodular set function f with  $f(\emptyset) = 0$ , f monotone, i.e.  $f(X) \leq f(Y)$  for all  $X \subseteq Y \subseteq E$  and P = P(f).

(4 points)

**Exercise 8.4.** Prove that a nonempty compact set  $P \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n_+$  is a polymatroid if and only if

- (i) For all  $0 \le x \le y \in P$  we have  $x \in P$ .
- (ii) For all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n_+$  and all  $y, z \leq x$  with  $y, z \in P$  that are maximal with this property (i.e.  $y \leq w \leq x$  and  $w \in P$  implies w = y, and  $z \leq w \leq x$  and  $w \in P$  implies w = z) we have  $\mathbb{1}y = \mathbb{1}z$ , where  $\mathbb{1}$  is the vector whose entries are all 1.

(4 points)

**Deadline:** December  $7^{\text{th}}$ , before the lecture. The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:

## http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ws23/cows23.html

In case of any questions feel free to contact me at schuerks@or.uni-bonn.de.