

Exercise Set 5

Exercise 5.1. Provide a polynomial time algorithm for the STANDARD PLACEMENT PROBLEM restricted to instances with only one circuit.

(5 points)

Exercise 5.2. Consider the STANDARD PLACEMENT PROBLEM on instances without blockages, where $h(C) \equiv 1 \equiv w(C)$ (unit size for $C \in \mathcal{C}$) as well as $w(N) \equiv 1$ (unit net weights for $N \in \mathcal{N}$).

Prove or disprove that this problem is NP-hard.

(5 points)

Exercise 5.3. Prove that unless $P = NP$, there is no polynomial time n^α approximation algorithm for the QUADRATIC ASSIGNMENT PROBLEM for any $\alpha < 1$ even if $w \equiv 1$, $c \equiv 0$, $d : U \times U \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ is metric and G is a tree.

Hint: Transformation of 4-Partition, where G is chosen as a collection of stars (one for each item) whose centers are connected to (an additional) common root vertex. U can be chosen as $|U| = |V(G)|$.

(5 points)

Exercise 5.4. Consider the *spreading LP* for $d = 2$:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \min & \sum_{e \in E(G)} w(e) l(e) \\ \text{s.t.} & \sum_{y \in X} l(\{x, y\}) \geq \frac{1}{4} (|X| - 1)^{3/2} \quad x \in X \subseteq V(G) \\ & l(\{x, y\}) + l(\{y, z\}) \geq l(\{x, z\}) \quad x, y, z \in V(G) \\ & l(\{x, y\}) \geq 1 \quad x, y \in V(G), x \neq y \\ & l(\{x, x\}) = 0 \quad x \in V(G) \end{array}$$

Show that the optimum of the spreading LP is a lower bound for the cost of any 2-dimensional arrangement.

(5 points)

Deadline: May 14th, before the lecture. The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:

http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ss24/chipss24_ex.html

In case of any questions feel free to contact me at schlomberg@or.uni-bonn.de.