## Exercise Set 4

Exercise 4.1. For a finite set $\emptyset \neq T \subsetneq \mathbb{R}^{2}$ we define

$$
\mathrm{BB}(T):=\max _{(x, y) \in T} x-\min _{(x, y) \in T} x+\max _{(x, y) \in T} y-\min _{(x, y) \in T} y .
$$

We denote by $\operatorname{STEINER}(T)$ the length of a shortest rectilinear (i.e. edge lengths acc. to $\ell_{1}$ ) Steiner tree for $T$. Moreover let $\operatorname{MST}(T)$ be the length of a minimum spanning tree in the complete graph on $T$ with edge costs $\ell_{1}$.

Prove that:
(a) $\mathrm{BB}(T) \leq \operatorname{STEINER}(T) \leq \operatorname{MST}(T)$;
(b) $\operatorname{STEINER}(T) \leq \frac{3}{2} \mathrm{BB}(T)$ for $|T| \leq 5$;
(c) There is no $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ s.t. $\operatorname{STEINER}(T) \leq \alpha \operatorname{BB}(T)$ for all finite $\emptyset \neq T \subset$ $\mathbb{R}^{2}$.

$$
(2+3+2 \text { points })
$$

Exercise 4.2. Let $Y$ be a Steiner tree for terminal set $T$ with $|T| \geq 2$ in which all leaves are terminals. Prove

$$
\sum_{t \in T}\left(\left|\delta_{Y}(t)\right|-1\right)=k-1
$$

where $k$ is the number of full components of $Y$.

Exercise 4.3. Let $(G, c, T)$ be an instance of the Steiner Tree Problem, $G$ connected, $t \in T$ a terminal and $k \in \mathbb{N}$ with $k \geq 1$.
For each of the following functions $V(G) \times 2^{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$ decide whether it defines a feasible lower bound for instances of the Rectilinear Steiner Tree Problem and prove your statement.
(a) For two feasible lower bounds $\mathrm{lb}_{a}$ and $\mathrm{lb}_{b}$, define $\max \left(\mathrm{lb}_{a}, \mathrm{lb}_{b}\right)$ by

$$
\max \left(\mathrm{lb}_{a}, \mathrm{lb}_{b}\right)(v, I):=\max \left(\mathrm{lb}_{a}(v, I), \mathrm{lb}_{b}(v, I)\right)
$$

(b) Define $\operatorname{lb}_{\mathrm{BB}}(v, I):=\mathrm{BB}(\{v\} \cup I)$.
(c) Define $\mathrm{lb}_{\mathrm{mst}}(v, I):=\frac{\operatorname{mst}(\{v\} \cup I)}{2}$. Here $\operatorname{mst}(\{v\} \cup I)$ denotes the cost of a minimal spanning tree in $\left(G^{\prime}[\{v\} \cup I], c^{\prime}\right)$, where $\left(G^{\prime}, c^{\prime}\right)$ is the metric closure of $(G, c)$.
(d) Define $\operatorname{lb}_{k}(v, I):=\max \{\operatorname{smt}(J)|t \in J \subseteq I \cup\{v\},|J| \leq k+1\}$ if $t \in I$ and $\operatorname{lb}_{k}(v, I):=0$ otherwise.

$$
(2+2+2+2 \text { points })
$$

Deadline: May $7^{\text {th }}$, before the lecture. The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:
http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ss24/chipss24_ex.html

In case of any questions feel free to contact me at schlomberg@or.uni-bonn.de.

