Winter term 2015/16 Prof. Dr. Stephan Held Prof. Dr. Jens Vygen Pascal Cremer

Combinatorial Optimization

Exercise Sheet 11

Exercise 11.1:

Let $f: 2^E \to \mathbb{R}$ be a submodular function with $f(\emptyset) = 0$. Prove:

$$\min \{f(X) : X \subseteq E\}$$

$$= \max \left\{ \sum_{u \in E} z(u) : z \leq 0, z(A) \leq f(A) \quad (A \subseteq E) \right\}$$

$$= \max \left\{ \sum_{u \in E} \min\{0, y(u)\} : y(A) \leq f(A) \quad (A \subseteq E), y(E) = f(E) \right\}.$$
(5.7)

(3 Points)

Exercise 11.2:

Let $f: E \to \mathbb{R}$ with $f(\emptyset) = 0$ be a submodular function and x^* a minimizer of

$$\label{eq:alpha} \min \sum_{e \in E} x(e)^2$$
 subject to $x \in B(f)\,,$

where B(f) is the base polyhedron of f. Let

$$y^* : E \to \mathbb{R}, e \mapsto \min\{x^*(e), 0\} \\ A_- := \{e \in E \mid x^*(e) < 0\}, \\ A_0 := \{e \in E \mid x^*(e) \le 0\}.$$

Show that

(i)
$$y^*$$
 maximizes $\{\sum_{u \in E} y(u) : y \le 0, y(A) \le f(A) \ (A \subseteq E)\},\$

(ii) A_{-} is the unique minimizer of f and A_{0} is the unique maximal minimizer of f.

(3 Points)

Continued on next page.

Exercise 11.3:

Prove that the set of vertices of the base polyhedron of a submodular function $f : 2^E \to \mathbb{R}$ with $f(\emptyset) = 0$ is precisely the set of vectors b^{\prec} for all total orders \prec of E, where

$$b^{\prec}(e) := f(\{v \in E : v \leq e\}) - f(\{v \in E : v \prec e\}) \quad (e \in E).$$
(3 Points)

Exercise 11.4:

Let G = (V, E) be an undirected graph. For a set $X \subseteq V$ let f(X) denote the number of edges in E with at least one end point in X.

(i) Prove that f is a submodular function.

Let $y: V \to \mathbb{N}$ be a function. We want to find an orientation of G (i.e. a directed graph G' = (V', E') such that V' = V and the underlying undirected graph is equal to G) such that $|\delta^{-}(v)| = y(v)$ for each $v \in V$.

(ii) Show that such an orientation exists if and only if

$$y(V) = |E|$$
 and $y(X) \le f(X) \ \forall X \subseteq V$.

Hint: Construct a network (V', E', u) with

$$V' := E \cup V \cup \{s, t\}, E' := \{(s, e) \mid e \in E\} \cup \{(e, v) \mid e \in E, v \in e\} \cup \{(v, t) \mid v \in V\}$$

and a suitable capacity function u.

- (iii) Give a polynomial time combinatorial algorithm which either finds an orientation as desired or a set $X \subset V$ which serves as certificate that such an orientation does not exist.
- (iv) Consider the following alternative algorithm: The question if an orientation with the required property exists can be answered by using Schrijver's algorithm to find a set X minimizing the submodular function f(X) - y(X). If this minimum is negative return the minimizer X as there is no orientation as desired. Otherwise start with $G' = (V, \emptyset)$. For each edge $e = \{v, w\} \in E(G)$, set G' := G' + (v, w), G := G - e, and y(w) := y(w) - 1 if there is an orientation satisfying $|\delta^-(v)| = y(v)$ for each $v \in V$ for G - e after decreasing y(w) by 1, otherwise set G' := G' + (w, v), G := G - e, and y(v) := y(v) - 1.

Proof the correctness of this algorithm and compare its runtime to the runtime of your algorithm from part (iii).

(1+3+1+2 Points)

Deadline: Tuesday, January 26, 2015, **before** the lecture. **Information:** Submissions by groups of up to **three** students are allowed.