Exercise Set 7

Exercise 7.1. Let (G, c, T) be an instance of the STEINER TREE PROBLEM, G connected, $t \in T$ a terminal and $k \in \mathbb{N}$ with $k \geq 1$.

(a) For two valid lower bounds lb_a and lb_b , define max (lb_a, lb_b) by

 $\max(\mathrm{lb}_a, \mathrm{lb}_b)(v, I) := \max\left(\mathrm{lb}_a(v, I), \mathrm{lb}_b(v, I)\right).$

Show that $\max(lb_a, lb_b)$ also defines a valid lower bound.

- (b) Prove that $lb_{BB}(v, I) := BB(\{v\} \cup I)$ is a valid lower bound for instances of the RECTILINEAR STEINER TREE PROBLEM.
- (c) Show that $lb_{mst}(v, I) := \frac{mst(\{v\} \cup I)}{2}$ defines a valid lower bound. Here $mst(\{v\} \cup I)$ denotes the cost of a minimal spanning tree in $G'[\{v\} \cup I]$, where G' is the metric closure of G.

(3 + 1 + 1 points)

Exercise 7.2. Let T be an instance of the Rectilinear Steiner Tree Problem and $r \in T$. For a rectilinear Steiner tree Y we denote by f(Y) the maximum length of a path from r to any element of $T \setminus \{r\}$ in Y.

- (a) Find an instance where no Steiner tree minimizes both length and f.
- (b) Consider the problem of finding a shortest Steiner tree Y minimizing f(Y) among all shortest Steiner trees. Is there always a tree with these properties which is a subgraph of the Hanan grid?

(1 + 4 points)

Exercise 7.3. For a finite set $\emptyset \neq T \subsetneq \mathbb{R}^2$ we define

$$BB(T) := \max_{(x,y)\in T} x - \min_{(x,y)\in T} x + \max_{(x,y)\in T} y - \min_{(x,y)\in T} y.$$

A Steiner tree for T is a tree Y with $T \subseteq V(Y) \subsetneq \mathbb{R}^2$. We denote by Steiner(T) the length of a shortest rectilinear (i.e. edge lengths acc. to ℓ_1) Steiner tree for T. Moreover let MST(T) be the length of a minimum spanning tree in the complete graph on T with edge costs ℓ_1 .

Prove that:

- (a) $BB(T) \leq Steiner(T) \leq MST(T);$
- (b) Steiner $(T) \leq \frac{3}{2} BB(T)$ for $|T| \leq 5$;
- (c) There is no $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$ s.t. $\operatorname{Steiner}(T) \leq \alpha \operatorname{BB}(T)$ for all finite $\emptyset \neq T \subset \mathbb{R}^2$.

(1 + 2 + 2 points)

Exercise 7.4. Let Y be a Steiner tree for terminal set T with $|T| \ge 2$ in which all leaves are terminals. Prove

$$\sum_{t \in T} \left(|\delta_Y(t)| - 1 \right) = k - 1$$

where k is the number of full components of Y.

(5 points)

Deadline: June 11th, 12:15. The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:

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http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ss20/chipss20_ex.html
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In case of any questions feel free to contact me at ahrens@dm.uni-bonn.de.