

Exercise Set 4

Exercise 4.1. Consider the MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING PROBLEM: Given a finite set A of tasks, a processing time $t(a) \in \mathbb{R}_+$ for each $a \in A$ and a number m of processors, find a partition $A = \dot{\bigcup}_{i=1}^m A_i$ of A such that $\max_{i=1}^m \left\{ \sum_{a \in A_i} t(a) \right\}$ is minimum.

Give a $\frac{3}{2}$ -approximation algorithm to the MULTIPROCESSOR SCHEDULING PROBLEM.

Hint: sort the jobs.

(3 points)

Exercise 4.2. Consider the following procedure for (unweighted) MINIMUM VERTEX COVER: Given a graph G , compute a DFS tree for every connected component. Return all vertices with non-zero out-degree in the tree. Show that this is a 2-approximation algorithm.

(4 points)

Exercise 4.3. Consider the MINIMUM WEIGHT VERTEX COVER PROBLEM, and recall its LP relaxation, i.e. $\min\{cx : M^T x \geq 1, x \geq 0\}$, where $M \in \{0, 1\}^{n \times m}$ is the incidence matrix of an undirected graph $G = (V, E)$ and $c \in \mathbb{R}_+^{V(G)}$. Assume that you are given a coloring $\varphi : V \rightarrow \{1, \dots, k\}$ of G . Derive a $(2 - 2/k)$ -approximation algorithm from Exercise 2.4.

(3 points)

Exercise 4.4. Let G be a k -colorable graph with n vertices, where k is a constant. We define $x_k := n^{1 - \frac{1}{k-1}}$ and for $2 \leq l < k$, $x_l := x_{l+1}^{1 - \frac{1}{l-1}}$. For simplicity, we assume that n is chosen such that x_l is a natural number for $l \in \{2, \dots, k\}$.

Prove that there exists a polynomial time algorithm that colors G with kx_k colors.

(6 points)

Deadline: Thursday, May 21st 14:15, via eCampus. L^AT_EX submissions are highly encouraged, however, you can also submit a scan (e.g. obtained with a mobile phone). The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:

http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ss20/appr_ss20_ex.html

In case of any questions feel free to contact us at approx-ss20@or.uni-bonn.de.