Research Institute for Discrete Mathematics Approximation Algorithms Summer Term 2016 Prof. Dr. Stefan Hougardy Siad Daboul

## Exercise Sheet 2

Problem 2.1. (4 points)

Show that the following problem is NP-complete:

Given an undirected graph G = (V, E) and some  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  is there a partition  $V = V_1 \cup V_2 \cup \ldots \cup V_k$  such that for all  $i = 1, \ldots, k$  and  $v \in V_i$  we have  $|\delta_{G[V_i]}(v)| = 1$  (i.e. all  $G[V_i]$  are perfect matchings)?

## Problem 2.2. (4+2 points)

Consider the following algorithm for the MAXIMUM CUT problem: Given an undirected graph G = (V, E), find a set  $X \subseteq V$  maximizing  $|\delta(X)|$ . Start with  $X = \emptyset$ . If adding a single vertex to X or deleting a single vertex from X makes  $|\delta(X)|$  larger, then do so. Repeat until no improvement is possible.

- (i) Show that the algorithm is a polynomial  $\frac{1}{2}$ -factor approximation algorithm.
- (ii) Does the algorithm always find an optimum solution for planar graphs, or for bipartite graphs?

## Problem 2.3. (4+2 points)

Let G = (V, E) be an undirected graph. The chromatic number  $\chi(G) \in \mathbb{N}$  denotes the minimum amount of colors such that G can be  $\chi(G)$  colored.

(i) Show that for any orientation  $G^{\leftrightarrow}$  of G the chromatic number satisfies

$$\chi(G) \leq \max_{P \text{ path in } G^{\leftrightarrow}} |V(P)|.$$

(ii) Show that there is equality in (i) for some orientation  $G^{\leftrightarrow}$  of G.

Please hand in your solutions on Tuesday, April 26<sup>th</sup>, before the lecture.