

Linear and Integer Optimization

Exercise Sheet 8

Exercise 8.1: Let

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ s & -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } b := \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Use the Ellipsoid method to find for $x_0 = 0$, $R = 2$ and sufficiently large N a feasible solution in $P = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : Ax \leq b\}$ for $s = -1$ and $s = -2$.

(5 Points)

Exercise 8.2: Show that the algorithm given in Theorem 7.20 solves the problem LINEAR PROGRAMMING for an instance $\max\{c^T x : Ax \leq b\}$, with $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$, $b \in \mathbb{Q}^m$, and $c \in \mathbb{Q}^n$, in $O((n+m)^9(\text{size}(A) + \text{size}(b) + \text{size}(c))^2)$ time. (5 Points)

Exercise 8.3: Let $E(A, x) \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be an ellipsoid, $a \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $E' = \{z \in E(A, x) : a^T z \geq a^T x\}$. Show that the ellipsoid $E(A', x')$ with $A' = \frac{n^2}{n^2-1} \left(A - \frac{2}{n+1} bb^T \right)$, $x' = x + \frac{1}{n+1} b$ and $b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^T A a}} A a$ contains the half-ellipsoid E' .

Hint: You may prove and then use the Sherman-Morrison-Woodbury formula:

$$(A - uv^T)^{-1} = A^{-1} + \frac{A^{-1}uv^T A^{-1}}{1 - v^T A^{-1}u} \text{ if } v^T A^{-1}u \neq 1. \quad (5 \text{ Points})$$

Exercise 8.4:

Let G be a simple graph. Show that the following problem can be solved in time polynomial in $|V(G)|$.

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & \sum_{e=\{v,w\} \in E(G)} x_{vw} \\ \text{s.d.} \quad & \sum_{w \in S} x_{vw} \geq \left\lceil \frac{1}{4}|S|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|S| \right\rceil \quad (v \in V(G), S \subseteq V(G) \setminus \{v\}) \\ & x_{uw} \leq x_{uv} + x_{vw} \quad (u, v, w \in V(G)) \\ & x_{vw} \geq 0 \quad (v \in V(G)) \\ & x_{vv} = 0 \quad (v \in V(G)) \end{aligned}$$

(This is an LP-relaxation of the OPTIMAL LINEAR ARRANGEMENT PROBLEM: Find an ordering $\{v_1, \dots, v_{|V(G)|}\} = V(G)$ of the vertices such that $\sum_{\{v_i, v_j\} \in E(G)} |i - j|$ is minimum.) (5 Points)

Submission deadline: Tuesday, 10.12.2013, before the lecture.