Winter term 2014/15 Professor Dr. Stephan Held Jannik Silvanus

## Combinatorial Optimization

## Exercise Sheet 1

**Exercise 1.1:** Find an infinite counterexample to Hall's Theorem. More precisely: Find a bipartite graph  $G = (A \dot{\cup} B, E)$  with  $A \cong \mathbb{N}$ ,  $B \cong \mathbb{N}$ , and  $|\Gamma(S)| \ge |S|$  for every  $S \subseteq A$  and every  $S \subseteq B$  such that G does not contain a perfect matching. (4 Points)

## Exercise 1.2:

- 1. Let  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  be two maximal matchings in a graph G. Prove that  $|M_1| \le 2|M_2|$ . (2 Points)
- 2. Let G be a bipartite graph such that for each proper subset  $F \subsetneq E(G)$  and G' := (V(G), F) we have  $\tau(G') < \tau(G)$ . Prove that E(G) is a matching.

(2 Points)

**Exercise 1.3:** Let G be a bipartite graph. For each  $v \in V(G)$ , let  $<_v$  be a linear ordering of  $\delta(v)$ . Prove that there is a matching  $M \subsetneq E(G)$  such that for each  $e \in E(G) \setminus M$  there is an edge  $f \in M$  and a vertex  $v \in V(G)$  such that  $v \in (e \cap f)$  and  $e <_v f$ . (4 Points)

## Exercise 1.4:

Let G be a graph. Prove following equalities:

- 1.  $\alpha(G) + \tau(G) = |V(G)|$  for any graph G. (1 Points)
- 2.  $\nu(G) + \zeta(G) = |V(G)|$  for any graph G with no isolated vertices. (2 Points)
- 3.  $\zeta(G) = \alpha(G)$  for any bipartite graph G with no isolated vertices. (1 Points)

**Deadline:** Tuesday, October 14, 2014, before the lecture.

**Information:** submissions by groups of one or two students are allowed.